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APPLICATION NO.	FILING I	DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/694,823	10/29/2003		Shinichiro Fukuoka	N0520.0047/P047	6755
24998	7590 05/03/2006			EXAMINER	
		MORIN & OS	SHIMIZU, MATSUICHIRO		
2101 L Stree Washington	, DC 20037			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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				DATE MAILED: 05/03/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<u> </u>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Comments	10/694,823	FUKUOKA, SHINICHIRO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Matsuichiro Shimizu	2635
<ul> <li>The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply</li> </ul>	pears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING [ - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stature to reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 /</u> 2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action for allowed the supplication is in condition for all other supplications.	s action is non-final.	secution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	•	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the	cepted or b) objected to by the	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	•	•
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig     a) □ All b) □ Some * c) ☑ None of:     1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority document 2. □ Certified copies of the priority document 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received.  Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:	

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### Response to Amendment

The examiner acknowledges amended claims 1-16 and new claim 17.

The examiner withdraws the objection to claim 3 in view of new prior art of ISO/IEC15693-3.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-17 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Therefore, rejection of claims 1-17 follows:

## Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 1-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeda et al. (JP2001199511) in view ISO/IEC15693-3 (693-3, copy right-2001).

Regarding claims 1, 9 and 13, Ikeda teaches a non-contact electronic tag 11 attached to library book 12 (Fig. 1, par. 024), wherein tag 11 stores tag ID (par. 0029) and inhibit or permission code (par. 0032, 'o' or '1') to pass the security gate (par. 0038). Furthermore, Ikeda teaches tag reader reads tag memory, and verify the checked-out book and flag at the host computer 14 and open the gate 21f (Fig. 7, par. 0038).

But Ikeda is silent on a reference transmission section for transmitting information, which becomes a reference for determining response timing of the noncontact electronic tag attached to the object, to the noncontact electronic tag,

wherein a reference transmission section transmits information, which specifies a part of predetermined data stored in the noncontact electronic tag to the noncontact electronic tag so that the noncontact electronic tag transmits information which becomes a reference specified by the part of the predetermined data.

However, 693-3 teaches, in the art of anti-collision protocol,

a reference transmission section (Figs. 7-8, page 14, inventory request format) for determining response timing (Figs. 7-8, page 14, EOF in inventory request format determines response time t1 (section 9.1.1, page 18) by the tag)

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of the noncontact electronic tag attached to the object, to the noncontact electronic tag,

wherein a reference transmission section transmits information, which specifies a part of predetermined data (Fig. 9, page 16, comparison of UID with predetermined data associated with MASK value; sec. 8.1, page 14, MASK and MASK VALUE specifies location in the stored UID of the tag) stored in the noncontact electronic tag to the noncontact electronic tag so that the noncontact electronic tag transmits information which becomes a reference specified by the part of the predetermined data (DSFID (sec. 4.3, page 6, DSFID)) determines format of UID in the Inventory response format (Fig. 12, page 23)) for the purpose of providing anti–collision scheme of providing inventory of a plural tags.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to include a reference transmission section for determining response timing of the noncontact electronic tag attached to the object, to the noncontact electronic tag,

wherein a reference transmission section transmits information, which specifies a part of predetermined data stored in the noncontact electronic tag to the noncontact electronic tag so that the noncontact electronic tag transmits information which becomes a reference specified by the part of the predetermined data in the device of Ikeda as evidenced by 693–3 because such partial comparison provides efficient comparison with reduced collision, thus providing anti–collision scheme of providing inventory of a plural tags.

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Regarding claims 2, 10 and 14, 693–3 continues, as claimed in claims 1, 9 and 13 to teach repetitive processing of changing a specification position in the specification data and again executing the interrogation communication processing upon detection of collision (Annex B, page 40, recursive processing upon collision, and going to next sub-address wherein new mask is generated (mask = address & mask) associated with changing a specification position).

Regarding claim 3, 693-3 continues, as claimed in claim 2, to teach a limitation condition (Annex B, coding section starting "for address", page 40, recursively processing address up-to 2\*sub-address-size-1) is set for terminating repetition of the repetitive processing regardless of whether or not collision avoidance is accomplished.

Regarding claims 4–6, Ikeda teaches the passage radio communication unit executes the tag access processing (Fig. 7, par. 0038, security gate 21f) and article-unique data (par. 0029), inhibition of passage (Fig. 7, par. 0038, inhibition associated with security gate 21f), passage radio communication unit (Fig. 7, pars. 0037–0038, read device 21c and control 13).

Regarding claim 7, 693-3 continues, as claimed in claims 2, to teach a simple tag access processing (section 7.2.1, page 8, when address-flag is set to 1, request contains UID, and response will be matching UID if exist) of transmitting an interrogation signal to a plurality of noncontact electronic tags.

All subject matters except an application family identifier, wherein said application family identifier comprises lending processing data and return

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processing data in claim 8 are discussed above with regards to claims 1 and 4. However, Ikeda teaches coding signal, wherein coding signal comprises lending processing data (Fig. 7, par. 0038, code associated with completion of lending out is set to "0" –gate opens) and return processing by coding signal to "1" (par. 0035). However, 693–3 teaches, in the art of anti–collision protocol, application family identifier (AFI) (sec. 4.2, page 3, AFI is coded on one byte, which constitutes 4 bits each ) for purpose of providing four control flag options.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to include application family identifier (AFI) in the device of Ikeda as evidenced by 693–3 because such AFI parameter provides four control options in comparison to two control options of coding signal, thus providing more control features.

Therefore rejection of the subject matters expressed in claim 8 are met by references and associated arguments applied to rejection of claims 1 and 4 and to rejection provided in the previous paragraph.

Regarding claims 10 and 14, 693-3 continues, as claimed in claims 9 and 13, to teach collision avoidance scheme (sec. 9.1.4.1, page 20, wait for t-nrt and additional t2 for subsequent inventory request when detecting collisions) or collision mitigation scheme wherein a plurality of noncontact electronic tags (sec. 9.1.4.1, page 20, collision associated with a plurality of tags) or pager device or noncontact electronic tags

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Regarding claims 11 and 15, Ikeda teaches the article management method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the tag access processing is executed for the noncontact electronic tag attached to the article whose passage is inhibited (fig. 7, par. 0038, security gate 21f).

Regarding claims 12 and 16, Ikeda teaches a user radio electronic medium capable of identifying each user and storing user data to receive the user data from the user radio electronic medium (fig. 7, par. 0038, security gate 21f communicating with host computer 14 permit or inhibit the user from exiting).

All subject matters in claim 17 are discussed above with regards to claims 1-3, and therefore rejection of the subject matters expressed in claim 17 are met by references and associated arguments applied to rejection of claims 1-3.

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#### Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matsuichiro Shimizu whose telephone number is 571–272–3066. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 AM to 4:30 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wendy Garber, can be reached on 571–272–7308. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571–273–3068.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703-305-8576).

Matuichiro Shimizu April 24, 2006

WENDY R. GARBER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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